

XT SERIES AMPLIFIER USER MANUAL



MODELS COVERED:





DESIGNED AND MANUFACTURED IN THE UK BY MATRIX.



Thank You

Congratulations on the purchase of your new Matrix Professional Power Amplifier. Matrix amplifiers are the result of many decades of experience in the design of exceptionally robust and reliable amplifiers. They are designed to breathe life into your sound, by controlling your speakers with exacting authority through the uncompromising delivery of clean, undistorted power, from a package which is smaller and lighter than you might expect for the performance it delivers.

This manual will help you to get the most from your amplifier. For maximum benefit, it is recommended that all instructions and warnings are carefully read. Also be sure to read the notices regarding correct wiring of output connectors as this impacts the operation of the amplifier.

For warranty service, please retain your receipt and all packaging that comes with the amplifier, as it has been specifically designed to transport the amplifier safely.

Unpacking

Please unpack and inspect your new amplifier for any damage that may have occurred during transit. If damage is found, notify the carrier immediately.

Note: A suitable mains lead is provided and can be found packaged with the amplifier.

PLEASE RETAIN ALL FACTORY PACKAGING FOR ANY FUTURE POSTAL TRANSIT.

CONTENTS:

	Page
Thank You	1
1. Features and Innovations	2
2. Specifications	3-4
2.1 Technical specifications	
2.2 Basic Schematics	
3. Interface Elements	5-7
3.1 Front Panel	
3.2 Rear Panel	
4. Recommended Usage	8
5. Cables, Making your own	9-11
6. Trouble Shooting	12
7. Warranty	13
8. Declaration of CE Conformity	14

CAUTION:



OBSERVE ALL SAFETY AND USAGE INSTRUCTIONS TO AVOID POSSIBLE DAMAGE TO EQUIPMENT AND EXPOSURE TO HAZARDS (THIS SYMBOL UNIVERSALLY FLAGS CAUTION NOTICES)



LETHAL VOLTAGES PRESENT AT SPEAKER TERMINALS AND INSIDE THE AMPLIFIER; ENSURE ALL WIRING IS SAFE AND CORRECT BEFORE USE. (THIS SYMBOL ALSO UNIVERSALLY FLAGS ELECTRICAL HAZARDS)

DO NOT OPEN THE AMPLIFIER; LEAVE ALL INTERNAL SERVICE OPPERATIONS TO A QUALIFIED TECHNICIAN.

1. Features and Innovations

All our amplifiers have been designed to give the best possible performance for their intended application and are based on our own uncompromising, time proven MOSFET designs. These take advantage of components which will stand the test of time and give the best possible performance in a small, exceptionally light weight package.

We only have the desire to provide our users with the best possible solutions and continue to look for ways to improve upon them.

Amplifier features:

- Class AB, MOSFET amplifier topology.
- An unprecedentedly powerful and stable Switch Mode Power Supply.
 Designed without compromise, to exceed the performance of the previous linear supply models; whilst offering a weight advantage rarely seen even in other SMPS amplifiers.

• Soft Start Circuit.

The power supply is designed not to draw excessive current on startup - Prevents the 'thump' as occasionally occurs with other equipment, from tripping fuses and breakers.

- Protection against Short Circuit and Overheating.
- Speaker Protection relay with delay to inhibit switch on thump. The speakers are disconnected during power up/down.
- Fully balanced XLR Inputs.
- Temperature regulated, High Speed Fan Cooling.

2.1 Technical Specifications

	XT 3000 MF	XT 5000 MF	XT 7000 MF
Number of Channels:	2	2	2
Watts Per Channel at - 8 Ω :	1000	1800	2500
Watts Per Channel at - 4 Ω :	1500	2500	3500
Watts Per Channel at - 2 Ω :	-	-	-
	-	-	-
Supply Voltage:	- 230V +/- 15%	- 230V +/- 15%	- 230V +/- 15%
Average Supply Current, Full Load:	16A	27A	32A
Mains Connector:	32A Powercon	32A Powercon	32A Powercon
Frequency Response:	8–24,000 Hz	8–24,000 Hz	8–24,000 Hz
Signal to Noise Ratio (ref. Full power 1kHz):	99 dB	101 dB	102 dB
THD (1kHz, full power):	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%
THD (20Hz - 20kHz, full power):	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%
Slew Rate:	65 V/µs	69 V/µs	69 V/µs
Damping Factor (ref. 8R, 100Hz):	>400	>550	>650
Input Level Sensitivity:	1.2v / +4 dBu	1.2v / +4 dBu	1.2v / +4 dBu
Cooling Fan Arrangement: (Temperature controlled dual speed fans)	2x 80mm ext. 1x Internal fan	2x 80mm ext. 1x Internal fan	2x 80mm ext. 1x Internal fan
Cooling Airflow Direction:	Front to Back	Front to Back	Front to Back
Dimensions (mm):	482 X 88 X 370	482 X 88 X 370	482 X 88 X 370
Weight:	10 Kg	10 Kg	10 Kg

Operating Environment:

- The amplifier is designed for use in environments which protect it from rain, unusually high air humidity and temperature.
- When mounting inside, ensure that the amplifier is securely bolted into a rack using all available fixing points where possible. Otherwise place on a surface where it cannot be easily displaced, Potentially causing damage/injury. Ensure That the location will not expose the amplifier to spillage of liquids/drinks, sprays/vapours or high humidity. Ensure the amplifier is installed in a place which is not subject to abnormally high temperatures and maintain sufficient ventilation to prevent overheating.
- For temporary use outside, apply similar caution; however be extra sure to ensure placement accounts for changing weather conditions and that extreme wind/rain/heat will not find its way to equipment.
- When taking any equipment from a cold environment (unheated storage, vehicles, etc), into a warm one, allow the equipment time to acclimatise to the ambient temperature, as condensation is likely to form in the amplifier, potentially causing it to malfunction if put into service too soon.

Note: Our policy of continuous improvement may lead to the above specifications being exceeded prior to documentation being updated.







4



3.1 Interface Elements, Front Panel.

(1) Power Switch

This switch controls the power supply to the amplifier. There is a short delay on power-up, this is to avoid switch-on "thump" which could damage the loudspeakers.

(2) Gain Controls

The level of each Channel is individually adjusted by these controls. Rotating these controls fully clockwise, results in no attenuation to the incoming audio signals.

(3) Indicator Section, Status:

a. Power Indicators

This indicator shows when the amplifier is on and each channel is receiving power.

(4) Indicator Section, Signal levels:

a. Output Level Display

These show the (Peak) output level of the amplifier for each channel, in both Stereo and Mono modes. It is useful to note for trouble shooting, that the sensors for the Output Level Display, detects levels after the output relays. Therefore if the display is operating, a signal is present at the speaker sockets.

b. Limit Level Indicators

These illuminate to show that the amplifiers limiting circuitry is active. Repeated illumination indicates that the amplifier is being driven excessively and a reduction in level is recommended.

c. Protect Indicators

These indicators light briefly during the power up cycle and also light should a fault occur. Illumination of the protect indicators, shows that the output of the amplifier has been disconnected by means of an internal relay to protect connected speaker systems from being damaged by the fault.







3.2 Interface Elements, Rear Panel.

(5) Cooling Fan Outlet

Hot air exits here. Make sure all rear (and front) ventilation paths are free from obstruction and air flows freely, otherwise the amplifier will trip into thermal protect mode prematurely and in some extreme circumstances damage may occur.



(6) Output Connectors

The Output sockets are Neutrik Speakons and accept a Neutrik NL4FC plug. Avoid inferior alternatives, as they may present numerous hazards due to less than ideal construction.

Insert the plug and turn clockwise until you hear it click. This ensures correct connection has been made. To remove, pull back the levered tab and turn anti-clockwise.

Ready-made, sensibly priced, quality interconnection leads suitable for use with the amplifier should be easy to source. However, with sufficient skill, it is possible to make/modify leads for the task. proceed to Chapter 5. - "Cables, Making your own".

• Both pin pairs (+1 -1 and +2 -2) in each socket are connected in parallel to allow for greater power handling capability to the same or multiple destination loads.

NOTE: Both pin pairs (+1 -1 and +2 -2) in each socket are connected in parallel *to the indicated channels.*

In addition please ensure that cables purchased or assembled for the purposes of connecting the amplifiers outputs are suitable for this task. If unsure, please consult a qualified technician. Failure to use appropriate wiring could damage the amplifier, associated equipment or present a fire/electrocution risk under certain circumstances.

CAUTION: Whilst we recommend that Neutrik speakon connections are always used for the safest way of connecting to the amplifier, the option is also provided to use 1/4" jack connections with these outputs. Take extra care when connecting leads to ensure that these are not accidentally connected to the inputs and outputs of other equipment not designed specifically to do so, otherwise damage to equipment is likely to occur.

Take extra care with 1/4" jack speaker connections, the exposed plug end can present an electric shock hazard, also never allow the outputs to be shorted, equipment damage may occur. Finally, note that standard 1/4" interconnect leads are not suitable for connection between amplifier and loudspeaker, choose one designed for this specific task for safe operation and optimal performance.





(7) Input Signal Sockets

Signal input connections are provided via Female XLR sockets.

Industry standard Balanced XLR format, which helps ensure interference and noise free connections between equipment.

Ready-made, sensibly priced, quality interconnection leads suitable for use with the amplifier should be easy to source. However, with sufficient skill, it is possible to make/modify leads for the task. Proceed to Chapter 5. - "Cables, Making your own".

(9)Power Connection

Powercon Mains Inlet:



Note: The amplifier requires a stable power supply to function as intended. Ensure that the power source (mains power supply, generator, etc.) is suitable for this application and adequate power is available. Poorly selected power sources result in sub-optimal performance, increased likelihood of tripping breakers, blowing fuses and in extreme situations damage to equipment may occur.

Should the fuse in the mains lead blow for any reason, it must be replaced with a fuse of the correct rating. This should be 13 amps for the models listed in this manual. However, if there is any reason to believe that a malfunction caused the fuse to blow, stop using the equipment immediately and take the amplifier to an authorised service engineer for servicing.



4. Recommended Usage:

To ensure your speaker and amplifier system functions optimally, it is advised to read through everything covered in this manual.

Safety precautions and appropriate usage recommendations for specific connections and features are noted in the previous section.

4.1 Matching Speakers to the amplifier:

When matching loudspeakers appropriately to the available amplification refer to the recommendations provided by the cabinet/speaker manufacturer. If unsure, please consult a qualified technician.

Typically we will note however, that loudspeaker manufacturers will recommend that the the amplifiers output power matches the specified power of the loudspeaker fairly closely. This ensures that the speaker does not receive more power than it is able to handle without potential failure / damage or unintended, distortion of sound occurring.

Also ensuring the amplifier is not too small to drive the loudspeaker to its full output level is important in preventing accidental damage through hard clipping resulting from attempting to drive the amplifier outside of its full output capability – this can easily prove fatal for even the largest of loudspeakers and may damage the amplifier too. It remains however the users responsibility to be sure that correct levels are maintained.

5. Cables, Making your own.

5.1 Signal Level Leads.



Cable Maker Table:

	Cable Connections:		
Cable Type:	Ground/Screen	Red/Central Cable	White
balanced to balanced	1 to 1	2 to 2	3 to 3
balanced to unbalanced	1 to 1	2 to 2	3 tied to 1
unbalanced to unbalanced	1 to 1	2 to 2	-

Note: Shell Ground tab on XLR connectors is usually tied to ground at pin 1.

Choosing a Cable:

For balanced connections, use a good quality metal braid screened cable with two inner wire cores; this will usually be clearly marketed as pro audio/microphone signal cable.

For long cable runs in excess of 6m/20ft, try to use cables with lower capacitance ratings, to minimise any loss of sound quality. Keep cable runs short where possible, however be sure allow a little bit of slack in the length of cable used to make the lead. Stretched, overstressed cables tend to break at the most inconvenient moments.

5.2 Speaker Leads.

Speakon Connector (4 pin) and 1/4" Jack:



Cable Maker Table:

	Cable Connections:	
Cable Type:	+ and -	+ and -
Single Channel, 2 core lead.	1 to 1	-
Single Channel, 4 core lead. For increased power handling in one cable. Check destination speaker uses all pins ! Outputs A & B - 4 ohms min. load	1 to 1 ar	nd 2 to 2

Choosing a suitable Cable:

For most applications we recommend a twin core cable with a copper core of at least 2.5mm² / 12 awg & sold for the purpose of connecting power amplifiers to loudspeakers.

For cables longer than 6m/20ft a heavier gauge cable may provide improved performance. An approximate guide of cable sizing in relation to that of a pencil is shown below, also note on the right the thin 'bell wire' / budget domestic speaker cable... never use cable of this gauge to connect to power amplifiers, this can present a fire risk and will result in poor performance.



10

6. TROUBLE SHOOTING.

(1) ALWAYS:

- Ensure the amplifier has no less than 4 Ohms worth of loading across each channel.
- Ensure wiring is safe and correct.

(2) NORMAL ARTIFACTS:

- When heavily driven, the amplifier itself may make a noticeable hissing sound in relation to the supplied signal. This is a normal phenomenon relating to the behaviour of certain components which vibrate slightly under the high powers involved.
- The Fans on the XT Series may appear to generate more noise than earlier models, they run at higher speeds to increase the cooling efficiency of the amplifiers. They will also increase their speed when the amplifier is under load.

(3) THE POWER LIGHTS DO NOT ILLUMINATE

- 1. Check that the mains supply is turned on.
- 2. Check that the mains switch is turned on.
- 3. Check Mains lead for damage & check fuse. Replace lead if damaged, replace fuse if blown.
- 4. Check internal fuse. Replace if blown.
 - (same type of fuse specified/installed must be used, do not change)
- 5. If fuse re-blows refer to service personnel.
- 6. If fuse has not blown, but the amplifier still malfunctions, refer to service personnel.

(4) THE AMPLIFIER IS WORKING, BUT OUTPUT VOLUME IS LOW

 Check the signal from the input source and signal cables. The amplifiers are designed to operate at an input voltage of 1.2V. If the signal source is below this refer to qualified service personnel for a minor modification.

(5) AMP OUTPUT LEVEL INDICATORS ARE WORKING, BUT NO SOUND IS COMING OUT

 Check Speakon connectors are securely attached. (The amplifier must be operating if the output level indicators are working)

(6) THE AMPLIFIER IS GIVING A LOWER OUTPUT THAN NORMAL, WITH DISTORTION

• The protection circuits (current clamps) are operating. Check all leads for short-circuits. Try another set of leads and loudspeakers.

(7) THE AMPLIFIER IS OVERHEATING

Email: support@matrix-amplification.com

- Check that the fan is not obstructed with debris, and is rotating freely.
- Check speaker leads for short circuits.
- Check to see that amplifier output 'negatives' have -not- been connected together in bundled cable looms.

If any of these, or other symptoms persist, Please contact us with the details below for help, advice and service:

Contact Details:

Address:

MATRIX AMPLIFICATION LIMITED, Matrix Amplification, Little Castle Farm, Pen-Y-Park Road, Usk, United Kingdom, NP15 2BX.

If the amplifier is to be shipped, use factory packaging or other secure method as transit damage is not covered by the warranty.

Full Two Year Warranty

Summary of Warranty

Matrix Amplification Limited, warrant to you, the ORIGINAL PURCHASER of each Matrix Power Amplifier, for a period of 2 (two) years from the date of purchase, that the amplifier is free from defects in materials and workmanship and we further warrant the new Matrix Amplifier, regardless of the reason of failure except as excluded in this warranty.

Items Subject to Exclusion from this Warranty

This Matrix Amplifier Warranty is in effect only for failure of a new Matrix Amplifier which occurred during the warranty period. It does not cover any product that has been damaged because of any misuse be it intentional or otherwise, accident, negligence, or loss which is covered under any insurance.

What the Warranter Will Do

We will remedy any defect, regardless of the reason for failure (except as excluded above), by repair or replacement. Warranty work can only be performed at our authorised distributors or at Matrix Amplification Limited. We will remedy the defect and ship the product from the service centre or our own factory within a reasonable time after receipt of the defective product. All expenses in remedying the defect, including freight costs from ourselves to you (within mainland UK) will be borne by us. You must bear the costs of shipping the product to our authorised service centre or factory.

How to Obtain Warranty Service

You must notify us of your need for warranty service not later than the expiry of your warranty. The amplifier must be shipped in a factory pack, which if required can be obtained from us at a modest charge. The amplifier must be sent to us carriage paid and insured.

Corrective action will be taken within a reasonable time from the date of receipt of the defective product by us or our authorised service centre. If repairs made by us or our authorised service centre are not satisfactory, contact us immediately.

Warranty Alterations

No person has the authority to enlarge, amend or modify this warranty. The warranty is not extended by the length of time which you are deprived of the use of the amplifier. Repairs and replacement parts will only carry the unexpired portion of this warranty.

Design Changes

Matrix Amplification Limited has a policy of continuous improvement to designs without notice and with no obligation to make corresponding changes in products previously manufactured.

Your Statutory Rights are Unaffected by this Warranty

Declaration of CE Conformity

Issuers Name and Add	lress:	Andrew Hunt, MATRIX AMPLIFICATION LIMITED, Cordes House, Factory Road, Newport, Gwent, United Kingdom. NP20 5FA
Products:		XT3000MF / X5000MF / XT7000MF
Equipment Type:		Commercial Audio Power Amplifiers.
Safety Standard:		
AMD1: 2005 and IEC 60065: 2001 7th Ed.	Safety Re	equirements - Audio Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus.
EMC Standards:		
EN 61000-4-2:2001	Electrosta	atic Discharge Immunity (Environment E2-Criteria B, 4k V Contact, 8k V Air Discharge).
EN 61000-4-3:2006	Radiated,	, Radio-Frequency, Electromagnetic Immunity (Environment E2, criteria A).
EN 61000-4-4:2007	Electrical	Fast Transient/Burst Immunity (Criteria B).
EN 61000-4-5:2006	Surge Im	munity (Criteria B).
EN 61000-4-6:2006	Immunity	\prime to Conducted Disturbances Induced by Radio-Frequency Fields (Criteria A).
EN 61000-4-11:2001	Voltage D	Dips, Short Interruptions and Voltage Variation.
EN 55103-1:1997	Electrom Entertain	agnetic Compatibility - Product Family Standard for Audio, Video, Audio-Visual and ment Lighting Control Apparatus for Professional Use, Part 1: Emissions.
EN 55103-1:1997	Magnetic	Field Emissions-Annex A @ 10 cm and 20 cm.
EN 55103-2:1997	Electroma Entertain	agnetic Compatibility - Product Family Standard for Audio, Video, Audio-Visual and ment Lighting Control Apparatus for Professional Use, Part 2: Immunity.
EN 61000-3-2:2005 and AMD1: 2008	Limits for phase).	$^{ m r}$ Harmonic Current Emissions (equipment input current less than or equal to 16 A per
EN 55022:2006	Limits an B Limits;	d Methods of Measurement of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of ITE: Radiated, Class Conducted, Class A.
EN 61000-3-3:2008	Limitation of Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker in Low-Voltage Supply Systems Rated Current less than or equal to 16A.	

Declaration:

I certify that the product identified above conforms to the requirements of the EMC Council Directive 89/336/EEC as amended by 92/31/EEC, and the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EES as amended by 93/68/EEC.

Signatories:

Andrew Hunt, Managing Director.

Date of Issue: 28 December 2012.